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|  <p>U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY Office of Pesticide Programs Registration Division (7505P) 1200 Pennsylvania Ave., N.W. Washington, D.C. 20460</p> <p>NOTICE OF PESTICIDE: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Registration <input type="checkbox"/> Reregistration (under FIFRA, as amended)</p> | <p>EPA Reg. Number: 74779-17</p> | <p>Date of Issuance: 4/4/18</p> |
| | <p>Term of Issuance: Conditional</p> | |
| | <p>Name of Pesticide Product: RTSA 4% Emamectin Benzoate</p> | |
| <p>Name and Address of Registrant (include ZIP Code): David Anderson Director, Regulatory Affairs Rainbow Treecare Scientific Advancements Minnetonka, MN 55343</p> | | |
| <p>Note: Changes in labeling differing in substance from that accepted in connection with this registration must be submitted to and accepted by the Registration Division prior to use of the label in commerce. In any correspondence on this product always refer to the above EPA registration number.</p> | | |
| <p>On the basis of information furnished by the registrant, the above named pesticide is hereby registered under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act.</p> <p>Registration is in no way to be construed as an endorsement or recommendation of this product by the Agency. In order to protect health and the environment, the Administrator, on his motion, may at any time suspend or cancel the registration of a pesticide in accordance with the Act. The acceptance of any name in connection with the registration of a product under this Act is not to be construed as giving the registrant a right to exclusive use of the name or to its use if it has been covered by others.</p> <p>This product is conditionally registered in accordance with FIFRA section 3(c)(7)(A). You must comply with the following conditions:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Submit and/or cite all data required for registration/reregistration/registration review of your product under FIFRA when the Agency requires all registrants of similar products to submit such data. | | |
| <p>Signature of Approving Official: Sincerely,  Gene Benbow, Product Manager 7 Invertebrate & Vertebrate Branch 3 Registration Division (7505P) Office of Pesticide Programs</p> | <p>Date: 4/4/18</p> | |

EPA Form 8570-6

2. Make the following label changes before you release the product for shipment:

- Revise the EPA Registration Number to read, "EPA Reg. No. 74779-17."
3. Submit one copy of the final printed label for the record before you release the product for shipment.

Should you wish to add/retain a reference to the company's website on your label, then please be aware that the website becomes labeling under the Federal Insecticide Fungicide and Rodenticide Act and is subject to review by the Agency. If the website is false or misleading, the product would be misbranded and unlawful to sell or distribute under FIFRA section 12(a)(1)(E). 40 CFR 156.10(a)(5) list examples of statements EPA may consider false or misleading. In addition, regardless of whether a website is referenced on your product's label, claims made on the website may not substantially differ from those claims approved through the registration process. Therefore, should the Agency find or if it is brought to our attention that a website contains false or misleading statements or claims substantially differing from the EPA approved registration, the website will be referred to the EPA's Office of Enforcement and Compliance.

If you fail to satisfy these data requirements, EPA will consider appropriate regulatory action including, among other things, cancellation under FIFRA section 6(e). Your release for shipment of the product constitutes acceptance of these conditions. A stamped copy of the label is enclosed for your records. Please also note that the record for this product currently contains the following CSFs:

- Basic CSF dated 03/7/2018

If you have any questions, please contact Marianne Lewis by phone at (703) 308-8043, or via email at lewis.marianne@epa.gov.

Enclosure

74779-RT.20180327.V2

[Brackets throughout label indicate optional graphics or instructional language.]

Rainbow Treecare Scientific Advancements

DRAFT LABEL

ACCEPTED
04/04/2018
 Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide
 and Rodenticide Act as amended, for the
 pesticide registered under
 EPA Reg. No. **74779-17**



[Emerald Ash Borer] [Winter Moth] [Japanese Beetle]

RTSA 4% EMAMECTIN BENZOATE

Master Label consisting of:

Pages 1-10: RTSA 4% Emamectin Benzoate

Pages 11-20: Sub-label A: For Use in Ready-to-Use

(RTU) Low Pressure Injection Technology

Injected insecticide for two year control of listed insect and mite pests in deciduous, coniferous, and palm trees

| | |
|---------------------------------------|--------|
| ACTIVE INGREDIENT: | |
| Emamectin Benzoate ¹ | 4.0% |
| Other Ingredients: | 96.0% |
| Total: | 100.0% |

¹CAS No. 155569-91-8. Contains 0.36 lb. emamectin per gallon.

EPA Reg. No. 74779-XXXX

EPA Est. No.

NET CONTENTS: 1 Liter (33.8 oz)

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

CAUTION

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle.

(If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

[See [complete] [additional] [First Aid] [Precautionary Statements] [and] Directions For Use inside booklet.]

Manufactured For:

Rainbow Treecare Scientific Advancements

11571 K-Tel Drive

Minnetonka, MN 55343

1-877-ARBORIST 1-877-272-6747

www.treecaescience.com

| FIRST AID | |
|---|---|
| IF SWALLOWED: | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Call poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip glass of water if able to swallow. • Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. • Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. |
| IF ON SKIN: | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Take off contaminated clothing. • Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. |
| IF IN EYES: | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. |
| NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: | |
| <p>Early signs of intoxication include dilation of pupils, muscular incoordination, and muscular tremors. Vomiting within one-half hour of exposure can minimize toxicity following accidental ingestion of the product; rapidly after exposure (<15 minutes) administer repeatedly medical charcoal in a large quantity of water or ipecac. If toxicity from exposure has progressed to cause severe vomiting, the extent of resultant fluid and electrolyte imbalance should be gauged. Appropriate supportive parenteral fluid replacement therapy should be given, along with other required supportive measures (such as maintenance of blood pressure levels and proper respiratory functionality) as indicated by clinical signs, symptoms, and measurements. In severe cases, observations should continue for at least several days until clinical condition is stable and normal. Since emamectin benzoate is believed to enhance GABA activity in animals, it is probably wise to avoid drugs that enhance GABA activity (barbiturates, benzodiazepines, valproic acid) in patients with potentially toxic emamectin benzoate exposure.</p> | |
| <p>Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.</p> | |
| HOT LINE NUMBER | |
| <p>For 24-Hour Medical Emergency Assistance (Human or Animal) call 1-800-222-1222. For Chemical Emergency Assistance (Spill, Leak, Fire or Accident) call CHEMTREC at 1-800-424-9300.</p> | |

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

CAUTION: Harmful if swallowed or absorbed through skin. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)**Applicators and other handlers must wear:**

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves (Category C) such as barrier laminate; butyl rubber ≥ 14 mils; nitrile rubber ≥ 14 mils; or neoprene rubber ≥ 14 mils.
- Shoes and socks
- Protective eyewear

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS:

This product is highly toxic to fish, mammals and aquatic invertebrates. Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater. This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment or residues on blooming trees.

PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS:

Do not use or store near heat or open flame. Do not mix or allow to come into contact with an oxidizing agent. Hazardous chemical reaction may occur.

CONDITIONS OF SALE AND LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

NOTICE: Read the entire Directions for Use and Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability before buying or using this product. If the terms are not acceptable, return the product at once, unopened, and the purchase price will be refunded.

The Directions for Use of this product must be followed carefully. It is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with the use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as manner of use or application, weather or crop conditions, presence of other materials or other influencing factors in the use of the product, which are beyond the control of Rainbow Treecare Scientific Advancements (RAINBOW) or Seller.

To the extent permitted by applicable law, Buyer and User agree to hold RAINBOW and Seller harmless for any claims relating to such factors.

RAINBOW warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated in the Directions for Use, subject to the inherent risks referred to above, when used in accordance with directions under normal use conditions. To the extent permitted by applicable law: (1) this warranty does not extend to the use of the product contrary to label instructions or under conditions not reasonably foreseeable to or beyond the control of Seller or RAINBOW, and, (2) Buyer and User assume the risk of any such use. TO THE EXTENT PERMITTED BY APPLICABLE LAW RAINBOW MAKES NO WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE NOR ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY EXCEPT AS WARRANTED BY THIS LABEL.

To the extent permitted by applicable law, in no event shall RAINBOW be liable for any incidental, consequential or special damages resulting from the use or handling of this product.

TO THE EXTENT PERMITTED BY APPLICABLE LAW, THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE USER OR

BUYER, AND THE EXCLUSIVE LIABILITY OF RAINBOW AND SELLER FOR ANY AND ALL CLAIMS, LOSSES, INJURIES OR DAMAGES (INCLUDING CLAIMS BASED ON BREACH OF WARRANTY, CONTRACT, NEGLIGENCE, TORT, STRICT LIABILITY OR OTHERWISE) RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT, SHALL BE THE RETURN OF THE PURCHASE PRICE OF THE PRODUCT OR, AT THE ELECTION OF RAINBOW OR SELLER, THE REPLACEMENT OF THE PRODUCT.

RAINBOW and Seller offer this product, and Buyer and User accept it, subject to the foregoing Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability, which may not be modified except by written agreement signed by a duly authorized representative of RAINBOW

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

IMPORTANT: Read entire label before using this product. Failure to follow label instructions may result in poor control or tree injury. Failure to follow label directions may cause injury to people, animals and environment.

PRODUCT INFORMATION

RTSA 4% EMAMECTIN BENZOATE is for control of mature and immature insect and mite pests of deciduous, coniferous, and palm trees including, but not limited to, those growing in residential and commercial landscapes, parks, plantations, seed orchards, and forested sites (in private, municipal, state, tribal and national areas). RTSA 4% EMAMECTIN BENZOATE contains the active ingredient emamectin benzoate and is formulated to translocate in the tree's vascular system when injected. This product must be placed into active sapwood and will actively control pests for up to two years.

RTSA 4% EMAMECTIN BENZOATE is designed for use with tree injection devices that meet the label and dose requirements for the control of listed pests of trees. Follow manufacturer's directions for equipment use.

Dosages are based on the Diameter (in inches) of the tree at Breast Height ("DBH"). DBH is the outside bark diameter of the trunk at 4.5 feet (1.37m) above the ground on the uphill side of the tree. For the purposes of determining breast height, the ground includes the duff layer that may be present, but does not include unincorporated woody debris that may rise above the ground line. The diameter is determined by measuring the circumference of the tree at DBH, and dividing circumference (in inches) by three (3). To determine DBH for multi-stemmed woody ornamentals, measure the DBH for each stem or branch and add together for the total DBH per tree.

Placement of Application/Injection Sites: Inject at the base of the tree. Inject into the stem within 12" of the soil, into the trunk flare or into tree roots exposing them by shallow excavation. Make applications into intact, healthy sapwood. Do not inject into injured areas or areas with decay.

Number of Injection Sites: Work around the tree, spacing injection sites approximately every 4 to 8 inches of tree's circumference or according to the manufacturer's recommendation for the application device.

Drill Depth: Drill through the bark then 5/8" to 1-5/8" (hardwoods) or 1-5/8" to 2" (conifers) into the sapwood with the appropriate sized drill bit. Use clean, sharp drill bits. Precautions should be taken to avoid diseased areas and transferring infected tissues to other injection sites.

Resinous Conifers: In resinous conifers, such as pine and spruce, start the injection immediately after drilling into the sapwood. A prolonged delay may reduce uptake on account of resin flow into opening.

WHEN TO TREAT

RTSA 4% EMAMECTIN BENZOATE contains the active ingredient emamectin benzoate which is a glycoside insecticide. It is active against immature and adult stages of arthropods. The primary route of toxicity is through ingestion.

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS: Uptake of RTSA 4% EMAMECTIN BENZOATE is dependent upon the tree's transpiration. Transpiration is dependent on a number of abiotic and biotic factors, such as soil moisture, soil and ambient temperature, and time of day. For uptake, apply when soil is moist, soil temperatures are above 45° F, ambient temperatures are between 40° to 90° F, and during the 24 hour period when transpiration is greatest, typically before 2:00 PM. Applications to drought or heat stressed trees may result in injury to tree tissue, poor treatment and subsequent control. Avoid treating trees that are moisture stressed or suffering from herbicide damage.

MONITOR TREE HEALTH and PEST INFESTATIONS: Effective injection treatment is favored by a full canopy (i.e., leaves) and healthy vascular system. Once these tissues are compromised by pest damage (larval galleries, defoliation, leaf mining, etc.) an effective and uniform application of RTSA 4% EMAMECTIN BENZOATE may be difficult to achieve and subsequent control may be poor. For optimum results, treat at least 2 to 3 weeks before pests historically infest the host tree. As a result of systemic movement and longevity of RTSA 4% EMAMECTIN BENZOATE in trees, this interval may be extended much earlier to 6 months should tree dormancy, adverse weather, management, asynchronous life cycle of pests, etc., allow earlier application timing.

RTSA 4% EMAMECTIN BENZOATE may also be effective as a remedial treatment against some pests, such as those with slower development or if multiple life stages are susceptible to RTSA 4% EMAMECTIN BENZOATE. Pests that attack the stem and branches such as bark beetles and clearwing borer may disrupt vascular tissue resulting in poor distribution in an infested tree. This includes the initial larval stages of pests, such as flat-headed borers and clearwing borers, that attack the stem and branches, which may disrupt vascular tissue resulting in poor distribution of the product in an infested tree. However, control may be achieved if larvae come into contact or feed on RTSA 4% EMAMECTIN BENZOATE treated tissues.

[OPTIONAL USE DIRECTIONS "A"]**USE RATES**

Use as formulated or dilute with equivalent 1 to 3 volumes of water or more, as necessary.

| Tree Diameter (DBH) (Inches) | Low (mL product/tree) | Medium (mL product/tree) | Medium – High (mL product/tree) | High (mL product/tree) |
|---|----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|
| 4 to 6 | 15 | 25 | 50 | - |
| 7 to 9 | 20 | 40 | 80 | - |
| 10 to 12 | 30 | 55 | 110 | 165 |
| 13 to 15 | 35 | 70 | 140 | 210 |
| 16 to 18 | 42 | 85 | 170 | 225 |
| 19 to 21 | 50 | 100 | 200 | 300 |
| 22 to 24 | - | 115 | 230 | 345 |
| 25 to 27 | - | 130 | 260 | 390 |
| 28 to 30 | - | 145 | 290 | 435 |
| 31 to 33 | - | 160 | 320 | 480 |
| 34 to 36 | - | 175 | 350 | 525 |
| 37 to 39 | - | 190 | 380 | 570 |
| 40 to 42 | - | 205 | 410 | 615 |
| 43 to 45 | - | 220 | 440 | 660 |
| 46 to 48 | - | 235 | 470 | 705 |
| 49 to 51 | - | 250 | 500 | 750 |
| 52 to 54 | - | 265 | 530 | 795 |
| 55 to 57 | - | 280 | 560 | 840 |
| 58 to 60 | - | 295 | 590 | 885 |
| 61 to 63 | - | 310 | 620 | 930 |
| 64 to 66 | - | 325 | 650 | 975 |
| 67 to 69 | - | 340 | 680 | 1020 |
| 70 to 72 | - | 355 | 710 | 1065 |

The use of low, medium, medium-high and high rates are based on the professional judgment of the applicator as to what constitutes a low, medium or high infestation. Higher rates tend to provide longer residual and control of more difficult to control insects. See **Target Pest** table for additional information in choosing the amount of product to apply.

| ADDITIONAL DIRECTIONS FOR APPLICATION IN TREES | | | |
|--|--|-------------------------------------|--|
| Tree Tissue | Target Pest | Application Rate Range ¹ | Comments |
| Seed and Cone | Pine Coneworm (<i>Dioryctria</i> spp.) Cone Beetle ² (<i>Conophthora</i> spp.) Pine Cone Seed Bug (suppression of <i>Leptoglossus</i> and <i>Tetyra</i> spp. in the year of treatment) | Medium to High | For optimal control apply in the fall for early season pests or at least 30 days before insect attack. |
| Bud and Leaf | Aphid ² Bagworm Conifer Mites ² Fall Webworm Japanese Beetle Gypsy Moth Honeylocust Plant Bug Leafminers (such as Lepidoptera, Coleoptera, Hymenoptera) Mimosa Webworm Oak Worm Pine Needle Scale Red Palm Mite Sawfly (such as Elm, Pine) Tent Caterpillars (such as Eastern, Forest, Pacific, and Western) Western Spruce Budworm Winter Moth | Low to High | Apply at least 2-3 weeks before the pest has historically been present. Consult with local extension agent for when this will occur in your area |
| Shoot, Stem Trunk and Branch | Clearwing Borers (such as Ash and Sequoia Pine Pitch Tube Moth) Flatheaded Borers (such as adult and larvae of Bronze Birch Borer ² , Emerald Ash Borer, and Two-lined Chestnut Borer ²) | Low to High | For optimal control apply at least 30 days before historical egg hatch or adult flight and to trees whose vascular tissue is not damaged. |
| | Ambrosia Beetles Cynipid Gall Wasp ² Roundheaded Borers (excluding Asian longhorn beetles) Scolytids (bark beetles) <i>Ips</i> Engraver Beetles, Mountain Pine Beetle, Southern Pine Beetle, Spruce Beetle, Western Pine Beetle Pinewood Nematode | Medium to High | If vascular tissue is damaged or plugged by insect galleries, nematodes or fungi, uniform treatment and control may not be achieved. |

¹Use medium to high rates for remedial and longer residual control.

²Not registered for use in California.

COMPATIBILITY

Do not mix RTSA 4% EMAMECTIN BENZOATE before injection with other products such as insecticides, fungicides, plant growth regulators, surfactants, adjuvants, and fertilizers whose labels indicate that it should not be mixed with RTSA 4% EMAMECTIN BENZOATE. If applicator has no prior experience with a

particular tank mix; check physical compatibility by making a small clear jar test using correct proportions to be tank mixed. It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

RESTRICTION

Do not apply to trees that may be harvested for food consumption by humans or used in animal feed.

[OPTIONAL USE DIRECTIONS "B"]

USE RATES

Use as formulated or dilute with equivalent 1 to 3 volumes of water or more, as necessary.

| Tree Diameter (DBH) (Inches) | Low (mL product/tree) | Medium (mL product/tree) | High (mL product/tree) |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|
| 4 to 6 | 15 | 25 | 50 |
| 7 to 9 | 20 | 40 | 80 |
| 10 to 12 | 30 | 55 | 110 |
| 13 to 15 | 35 | 70 | 140 |
| 16 to 18 | 42 | 85 | 170 |
| 19 to 21 | 50 | 100 | 200 |
| 22 to 24 | - | 115 | 230 |
| 25 to 27 | - | 130 | 260 |
| 28 to 30 | - | 145 | 290 |
| 31 to 33 | - | 160 | 320 |
| 34 to 36 | - | 175 | 350 |
| 37 to 39 | - | 190 | 380 |
| 40 to 42 | - | 205 | 410 |
| 43 to 45 | - | 220 | 440 |
| 46 to 48 | - | 235 | 470 |
| 49 to 51 | - | 250 | 500 |
| 52 to 54 | - | 265 | 530 |
| 55 to 57 | - | 280 | 560 |
| 58 to 60 | - | 295 | 590 |
| 61 to 63 | - | 310 | 620 |
| 64 to 66 | - | 325 | 650 |
| 67 to 69 | - | 340 | 680 |
| 70 to 72 | - | 355 | 710 |

The use of low, medium, and high rates are based on the professional judgment of the applicator as to what constitutes a low, medium or high infestation. Higher rates tend to provide longer residual and control of more difficult to control insects. See **Target Pest** table for additional information in choosing the amount of product to apply.

| ADDITIONAL DIRECTIONS FOR APPLICATION IN TREES | | | |
|--|-------------|-------------------------------------|----------|
| Tree Tissue | Target Pest | Application Rate Range ¹ | Comments |
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| | | | |
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| Bud and Leaf | Aphid ² Bagworm Conifer Mites ² Fall Webworm Japanese Beetle Gypsy Moth Honeylocust Plant Bug Leafminers (such as Lepidoptera, Coleoptera, Hymenoptera) Mimosa Webworm Oak Worm Pine Needle Scale Red Palm Mite Sawfly (such as Elm, Pine) Tent Caterpillars (such as Eastern, Forest, Pacific, and Western) Western Spruce Budworm Winter Moth | Low to High | Apply at least 2-3 weeks before the pest has historically been present. Consult with local extension agent for when this will occur in your area |
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| | Ambrosia Beetles Cynipid Gall Wasp ² Roundheaded Borers (excluding Asian longhorn beetles) Scolytids (bark beetles) <i>Ips</i> Engraver Beetles, Mountain Pine Beetle, Southern Pine Beetle, Spruce Beetle, Western Pine Beetle Pinewood Nematode | Medium to High | If vascular tissue is damaged or plugged by insect galleries, nematodes or fungi, uniform treatment and control may not be achieved. |

¹Use medium to high rates for remedial and longer residual control.

²Not registered for use in California.

COMPATIBILITY

Do not mix RTSA 4% EMAMECTIN BENZOATE before injection with other products such as insecticides, fungicides, plant growth regulators, surfactants, adjuvants, and fertilizers whose labels indicate that it should not be mixed with RTSA 4% EMAMECTIN BENZOATE. If applicator has no prior experience with a particular tank mix; check physical compatibility by making a small clear jar test using correct proportions to be tank mixed. It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and

directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

RESTRICTION

Do not apply to trees that may be harvested for food consumption by humans or used in animal feed.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage and disposal.

Pesticide Storage: Store in a cool, dry place, away from children and pets. Keep from freezing.

Pesticide Disposal: Waste resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

Container Disposal: Non-refillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling if available. Clean container promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration.

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Rainbow Treecare
Scientific Advancements

Pages 11-20: Sub-Label A:

Use in Ready-to-Use (RTU) Low Pressure Injection Technology

Injected insecticide for two year control of listed insect and mite pests in deciduous, coniferous, and palm trees

| | |
|---------------------------------------|---------------|
| ACTIVE INGREDIENT: | |
| Emamectin Benzoate ¹ | 4.0% |
| Other Ingredients: | 96.0% |
| Total: | 100.0% |

¹CAS No. 155569-91-8. Contains 0.36 lb. emamectin per gallon.

EPA Reg No. 74779-RT

EPA Est. No.

NET CONTENTS: 25 total mls. devices
(50 x 25 mls., 48 x 25 mls., 24 x 25 mls., 12 x 25 mls., 6 x 25, 4 x 25 mls.)

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

CAUTION

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle.
(If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

[See [complete] [additional] [First Aid] [Precautionary Statements] [and] Directions For Use inside booklet.]

Distributed by:

Rainbow Treecare Scientific Advancements
11571 K-Tel Drive
Minnetonka, MN 55343
1-877-ARBORIST 1-877-272-6747
www.treecarescience.com

| FIRST AID | |
|---|---|
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| IF IN EYES: | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. |
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| HOT LINE NUMBER | |
| <p>For 24-Hour Medical Emergency Assistance (Human or Animal) call 1-800-222-1222. For Chemical Emergency Assistance (Spill, Leak, Fire or Accident) call CHEMTREC at 1-800-424-9300.</p> | |

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HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

CAUTION: Harmful if swallowed or absorbed through skin. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)**Applicators and other handlers must wear:**

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves (Category C) such as barrier laminate; butyl rubber ≥ 14 mils; nitrile rubber ≥ 14 mils; or neoprene rubber ≥ 14 mils.
- Shoes and socks
- Protective eyewear

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS:

This product is highly toxic to fish, mammals and aquatic invertebrates. Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater. This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment or residues on blooming trees.

PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS:

Do not use or store near heat or open flame. Do not mix or allow to come into contact with an oxidizing agent. Hazardous chemical reaction may occur.

CONDITIONS OF SALE AND LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

NOTICE: Read the entire Directions for Use and Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability before buying or using this product. If the terms are not acceptable, return the product at once, unopened, and the purchase price will be refunded.

The Directions for Use of this product must be followed carefully. It is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with the use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as manner of use or application, weather or crop conditions, presence of other materials or other influencing factors in the use of the product, which are beyond the control of Rainbow Treecare Scientific Advancements (RAINBOW).

To the extent permitted by applicable law, Buyer and User agree to hold RAINBOW and Seller harmless for any claims relating to such factors.

RAINBOW warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated in the Directions for Use, subject to the inherent risks referred to above, when used in accordance with directions under normal use conditions. To the extent permitted by applicable law: (1) this warranty does not extend to the use of the product contrary to label instructions or under conditions not reasonably foreseeable to or beyond the control of Seller or RAINBOW, and, (2) Buyer and User assume the risk of any such use. TO THE EXTENT PERMITTED BY APPLICABLE LAW, RAINBOW MAKES NO WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE NOR ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY EXCEPT AS WARRANTED BY THIS LABEL.

To the extent permitted by applicable law, in no event shall RAINBOW be liable for any incidental, consequential or special damages resulting from the use or handling of this product.

TO THE EXTENT PERMITTED BY APPLICABLE LAW, THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE USER OR BUYER, AND THE EXCLUSIVE LIABILITY OF RAINBOW AND SELLER FOR ANY AND ALL CLAIMS, LOSSES, INJURIES

OR DAMAGES (INCLUDING CLAIMS BASED ON BREACH OF WARRANTY, CONTRACT, NEGLIGENCE, TORT, STRICT LIABILITY OR OTHERWISE) RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT, SHALL BE THE RETURN OF THE PURCHASE PRICE OF THE PRODUCT OR, AT THE ELECTION OF RAINBOW OR SELLER, THE REPLACEMENT OF THE PRODUCT.

RAINBOW and Seller offer this product, and Buyer and User accept it, subject to the foregoing Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability, which may not be modified except by written agreement signed by a duly authorized representative of RAINBOW.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

IMPORTANT: Read entire label before using this product. Failure to follow label instructions may result in poor control or tree injury. Failure to follow label directions may cause injury to people, animals and environment.

PRODUCT INFORMATION

For the control of mature and immature insect and mite pests of deciduous, coniferous, and palm trees including, but not limited to, those growing in residential and commercial landscapes, parks, plantations, seed orchards, and forested sites (in private, municipal, state, tribal and national areas). The active ingredient, emamectin benzoate, is a glycoside insecticide and is formulated to translocate in the tree's vascular system when injected. It is active against immature and adult stages of arthropods, and its primary route of toxicity is through ingestion. This product must be placed into active sapwood and will actively control pests for up to two years.

Factors Affecting Application: Applications are most effective when made prior to insect infestation, and in conjunction with good cultural management practices. The species and health of the tree, as well as local environmental conditions, will determine the rate of uptake when using Ready to-Use (RTU) low-pressure injection technology.

Environmental Conditions: This technology relies on the natural uptake rate of the tree; and thus, factors that affect the transpiration rate can greatly affect the uptake rate. Transpiration is dependent on a number of factors, such as soil moisture, soil and ambient temperature, and time of day. For optimum uptake, apply when soil moisture is adequate and soil temperatures are above 45° F. Preferred conditions for injections are morning to early afternoon hours, with warm temperatures (55°-85°F/13°-30°C), accompanied by low humidity, clear skies and a slight breeze. Sunny conditions along with moist soil and a well-hydrated tree will also increase the transpiration rate and will therefore improve uptake. Conversely, cool temperatures, cloudy and/or evening skies and trees under moisture stress will slow down the rate of uptake. Extreme heat and cold temperatures will adversely affect rates as well.

Trees that have health vascular systems will have correspondingly higher uptake rates. Trees in advanced stages of pest development may not respond to treatment, as vascular plugging, caused by disease inhibits transpiration. If the device has not started to absorb within one hour, consider removing the device (following the proper sequence provided in the removal instructions) and; drill a new hole in a different area of the trunk and inject again. The injection devices need to be evenly placed at points on the trunk free of visible decay areas and wounds from the point of injection to where branching begins.

If the device has not started to absorb within one hour after the second attempt, the vascular system of the tree may be too compromised for treatment and there is significant decay in that local injection area.

DO NOT inject trees that are drought stressed. Applications to drought or heat stressed trees may result in injury to tree tissue, poor treatment and subsequently poor control. Avoid treating trees that are moisture stressed or suffering from herbicide damage.

DO NOT inject trees that are in a state of dormancy.

Monitor Tree Health and Pest Infestations: Effective injection treatment is favored by a full canopy (i.e., leaves) and healthy vascular system. Once these tissues are compromised by pest damage (larval galleries, defoliation, leaf mining, etc.) an effective and uniform application may be difficult to achieve and subsequent control may be poor. For optimum results, treat at least 2 to 3 weeks before pests historically infest the host tree. As a result of systemic movement and longevity in trees, the interval may be extended much earlier to 6 months should tree dormancy, adverse weather, management, asynchronous life cycle of pests, etc., allow earlier application timing.

May also be effective as a remedial treatment against some pests, such as those with slower development or if multiple life stages are susceptible to the active ingredient. Pests that attack the stem and branches such as clearwing borers may disrupt vascular tissue resulting in poor distribution in an infested tree. However, control may be achieved if larvae come into contact or feed on treated tissues.

APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS

Injection dosages are based on the Diameter (inches or centimeters) of the tree at Breast Height "DBH". DBH is the outside bark diameter of the trunk at 4.5 feet (1.37m) above the ground on the uphill side of the tree. For the purposes of determining breast height, the ground includes the duff layer that may be present, but does not include unincorporated woody debris that may rise above the ground line.

The diameter is determined by measuring the circumference of the tree at DBH, and dividing circumference (in inches) by three (3). To determine DBH for multi-stemmed woody ornamentals, measure the DBH for each stem or branch and add together for the total DBH per tree (**Figure 1**).

Number of RTU Injection Devices Required for Treatment: Take the DBH of the tree and divide by five (5) to determine the appropriate number of RTU injection devices to adequately treat the tree at the desired application rate. **DO NOT** treat newly established trees less than 5" DBH or 15" in circumference.

In the event that the tree has multiple trunks that separate less than three (3) feet from the ground (i.e., avocado, citrus, peach, etc.) each individual trunk must be treated separately to ensure equally homogenous distribution of solution to all parts of the tree. In this instance, each individual trunk must be measured in the same way as if the trunk were standing individually (**Figure 1**).

Refer to the **Application Rate/Number of RTU Injection Devices** chart. DO NOT exceed calculated number of RTU injection devices per tree as injury may occur.

Preparing the Holes: To ensure an equal and homogenous delivery of active ingredient to all parts of the tree's branching structure, space the required number of holes evenly around the circumference of the tree. Hole placement can range from lowest point at the roof flare to highest point of chest height

(approximately 4.5 ft. [1.368m] above the ground). Injection holes must be at least 20" (50.80 cm) below the lowest branch on the trunk. The preferred method is to inject at the base of the tree, within 12" (30.48 cm) of the soil. Prepare injection sites in healthy wood free from any defects such as old wounds or decayed areas. Avoid any placement of devices in between the root flares where there is tight compression of the bark and cambium tissue.

Using an electric drill, select a 15/64" (.58420 cm) fast spiral drill bit (for optimal performance, a high-helix drill bit is recommended). It is necessary to drill holes into the tree deep enough to reach the tree's vascular system for translocation of the active ingredient throughout the tree. Make injection holes at least ½ to ¾ inch into healthy xylem (white wood) with actual depth up to 2 inches (5.08 cm) or more from the outer trunk surface depending upon the tree species and outer bark thickness. For conifer species with high resin pressure, drill holes higher on the trunk (36-48" or 91.44-121.92 cm) and to a deeper drill depth of 2+ inches (5.08+ cm).

For optimal device performance and to minimize leakage and improve holding capacity of the injector, be sure to:

- (1) use clean, sharp drill bits;
- (2) slightly angle depth of hole downwards; and
- (3) make one clean drill entrance into the tree (i.e., avoid multiple in-and-out motions of drill bit in hole) to reduce shavings residual left inside the hole. Follow good application practices by disinfecting drill bits prior to use on each tree to minimize the spread of disease where known infections occur (**Figure 2**).

Inserting the Connector: Once the injection site is drilled, insert the longer and thicker part of the connector into the tree hole, and secure its placement by push and twist of hand, or by gently tapping the connector with a nylon hammer or rubber mallet. The connector shall only be inserted to the point where it fits snugly in the hole. **DO NOT** force the connector too deep into the hole. Be sure to leave approximately ½" (1.27 cm) of open chamber at the end of the connector to allow the solution to collect and be pulled through the vascular system of the tree (**Figure 3**).

Connecting the RTU Injection Device: Remove the colored device cap and connect the RTU injection device to the connector by firmly pushing the connector through the membrane of the device top. To ensure the device is securely inserted, slightly twist and gently force the RTU injection device until it snaps into final position. The RTU Injection device can be placed upright, sideways, or upside-down on the connector depending upon the placement of the connector on the tree (**Figure 4**).

Resinous Conifers: In resinous conifers, such as pine and spruce, start the injection immediately after drilling into the sapwood. A prolonged delay may reduce uptake due to resin flow into the opening.

Removing the RTU Injection Device: When the RTU injection device is emptied:

- (1) Remove the device from its connector; then
- (2) Remove the connector from the tree.

Gently shake the device to ensure all contents have been injected. If there is remaining material, re-insert the connector and connect the device for further uptake.

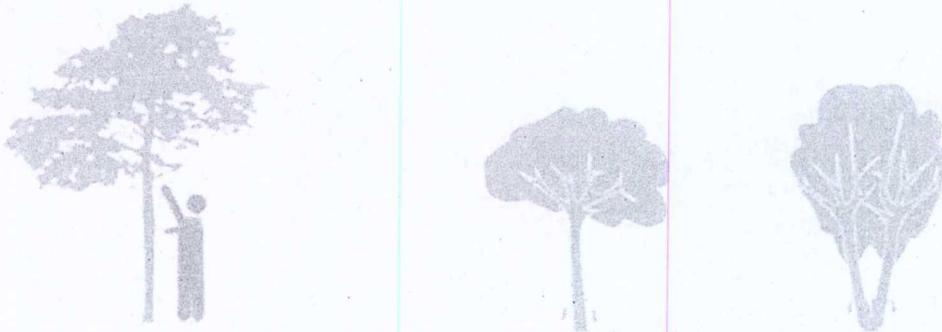
NOTE: The RTU injection device membrane will re-seal itself to avoid and leakage or spillage until it is repenetrated with the connector (**Figure 5**).

It is not necessary to treat the drill holes with wound paint or other sealing compounds.

Retreatment:

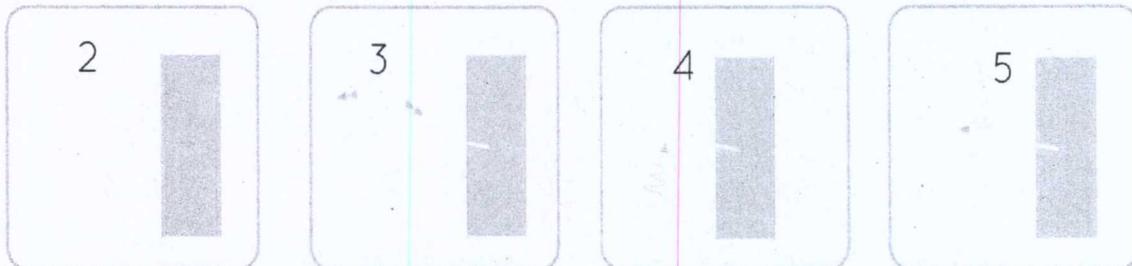
At the time of initial application, make note of the level of health of each tree. Re-evaluate level in treated trees at 12-month intervals to determine the need for treatment. Preventative applications should be considered 12-36 months after the initial injection. Trees in high pest pressure areas or highly valued trees should be evaluated for retreatment 12 months after each treatment. Follow application procedures described above for repeat injections; new drill holes will be required for subsequent treatments. Stagger the holes equally in subsequent applications to ensure proper intake.

1. When making a determination for the site of the application using the RTU injection device, consideration should be taken for trunk configuration.



A. Single trunk trees: RTU injection device can be injected anywhere from the root flare to at least 20" (50.8 cm) below the branches, preferably at the base of the tree, within 12" (30.48 cm) of the soil.

B. Multi-stem trees: be sure to calculate the total diameter of the stems combined and install the devices evenly between the stems, preferably at the base of the tree, within 12" (30.48 cm) of the soil.



2. Using an electric drill, select a 15/64" (.58420 cm) fast-spiral high-helix drill bit and drill a hole 2" (5.08 cm) deep slightly angled downwards. Hole depth will vary depending on bark thickness. Hole placement can range from injection at the root flare to chest height (approximately 4.5 ft. [1.368 m] above the ground) remaining at least 20" (50.8 cm) below lowest branch. The preferred method is to inject at the base of the tree within 12" (30.48 cm) of the soil.

3. Insert the longer and thicker branch of the connector into tree hole and secure its placement by push and twist of hand OR by gently tapping the connector with a nylon hammer or rubber mallet
4. Remove colored cap and connect RTU injection device to the connector by firmly pushing the connector through the membrane of the device top. To ensure the device is securely inserted, slightly twist and snap the device into final position.
5. When the device is emptied, (1) first remove the device from its connector and then (2) remove the connector from the tree. Gently shake the device to ensure all contents have been injected. If there is remaining material, re-insert the connector and connect device for further uptake. Rate of uptake will vary and there is no need to cover the holes- the tree will heal naturally. Note: The injection device membrane will re-seal itself to avoid any leakage or spillage until it is re-penetrated with the connector.

USE RATES - 25 ml Injector

| Application Rate/RTU Injector Table | | | |
|--|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Tree Diameter (DBH) (Inches) | Circumference (Inches) | Number of RTU Injectors | Application Rate (mls) |
| 4 to 6 | 12 to 18 | 1 | 25 |
| 7 to 9 | 21 to 27 | 2 | 50 |
| 10 to 12 | 30 to 36 | 3 | 75 |
| 13 to 15 | 39 to 45 | 3 | 75 |
| 16 to 18 | 48 to 54 | 4 | 100 |
| 19 to 21 | 57 to 63 | 4 | 100 |
| 22 to 24 | 66 to 72 | 5 | 125 |
| 25 to 27 | 75 to 81 | 6 | 150 |
| 28 to 30 | 84 to 90 | 6 | 150 |
| 31 to 33 | 93 to 99 | 7 | 175 |
| 34 to 36 | 102 to 108 | 7 | 175 |
| 37 to 39 | 111 to 117 | 8 | 200 |
| 40 to 42 | 120 to 126 | 9 | 225 |
| 43 to 45 | 129 to 135 | 9 | 225 |
| 46 to 48 | 138 to 144 | 10 | 250 |
| 49 to 51 | 147 to 153 | 10 | 250 |
| 52 to 54 | 156 to 162 | 11 | 275 |
| 55 to 57 | 165 to 171 | 12 | 300 |
| 58 to 60 | 174 to 180 | 12 | 300 |
| 61 to 63 | 183 to 189 | 13 | 325 |
| 64 to 66 | 192 to 198 | 13 | 325 |
| 67 to 69 | 201 to 207 | 14 | 350 |
| 70 to 72 | 210 to 216 | 15 | 375 |

| Tree Tissue | Target Pest | Comments |
|-------------------------------|--|---|
| Seed and Cone | Pine Coneworm (<i>Dioryctria</i> spp.) Cone Beetle ¹ (<i>Conophthora</i> spp.) Pine Cone Seed Bug (suppression of <i>Leptoglossus</i> and <i>Tetyra</i> spp. in the year of treatment) | For optimal control apply in the fall for early season pests or at least 30 days before insect attack. |
| Bud and Leaf | Aphid ¹ Bagworm Fall Webworm Japanese Beetle Gypsy Moth Honeylocust Plant Bug Leafminers (such as Lepidoptera, Coleoptera, Hymenoptera) Mimosa Webworm Oak Worm Pine Needle Scale Tussock Moth Red Palm Mite Sawfly (such as Elm, Pine) Tent Caterpillars (such as Eastern, Forest, Pacific, and Western) Western Spruce Budworm Winter Moth | Apply at least 2-3 weeks before the pest has historically been present. Consult with local extension agent for when this will occur in your area |
| Shoot, Stem, Trunk and Branch | Ambrosia Beetles Clearwing Borers (such as Ash and Sequoia Pine Pitch Tube Moth) Cynipid Gall Wasp ¹ Flatheaded Borers (such as adult and larvae of Bronze Birch Borer ¹ , Emerald Ash Borer, and Two-lined Chestnut Borer ¹) Pinewood Nematode | For optimal control apply at least 30 days before historical egg hatch or adult flight and to trees whose vascular tissue is not damaged. If vascular tissue is damaged or plugged by insect galleries, nematodes or fungi, uniform treatment and control may not be achieved. |

¹Not registered for use in California.

RESTRICTION

Do not apply to trees that may be harvested for food consumption by humans or used in animal feed.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage and disposal.

Pesticide Storage: Store in a cool, dry place, away from children and pets. Keep from freezing.

Pesticide Disposal: Waste resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

Container Disposal: Non-refillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling if available.

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